FARM Consortium Sameness Definition

AMMONIUM CHLORIDE

FARM REACH Registration substance sameness definition **					
		Date: 11/05/10			
	Composition	mono-constituent			
Type of substance	Origin	Inorganic			
Reference EC number (s)		235-186-4			
Other EC numbers considered to be the same substance					
EC name		Ammonium chloride			
CAS number (s)		12125-02-9			
SMILES					
Molecular formula (or formulae)		HCI.NH3 orNH4CI			
Structure image or diagram (indicative)					
Molecular weight (or range)					

** Note: this definition is based on §5 of the Guidance Document "identification and naming under REACH".

Composition					
Purity	Typical purity of substance	> 80	expressed as % dry weight,		
	Lower content	80	that is excluding water		
	Higher content	100			
Impurities in the substance *	 Each registrant will have to specify separ company-specific (confidential) part of the The Registration Dossier, and in particula hazard assessment will assume that subs All impurities > 1% are other inor similar to the Registered substan toxicological and ecotoxicologica All other impurities do not lead to If a Registrant's substance is not to confir specific (confidential) part of the registration of the registrat	 The Registration Dossier prepared will address the pure substance. Each registrant will have to specify separately the impurities in their own product, in the company-specific (confidential) part of the joint registration dossier. The Registration Dossier, and in particular the Classification and Labelling proposals and hazard assessment will assume that substance as placed on the market conforms to: All impurities > 1% are other inorganic salts or other related inorganic substances, similar to the Registered substance, and which do not significantly affect its toxicological and ecotoxicological properties All other impurities do not lead to a different classification and labelling If a Registrant's substance is not to confirm to the above then they will have to, in the company specific (confidential) part of the registration dossier, justify that the differences do not modify the IUCLID5 and CSR conclusions and do not require a different Classification and Labelling or 			

* Note: The Guidance Document "identification and naming under REACH" states: << No differentiation is made between technical, pure or analytical grades of the substances. The "same" substance may have all grades of any production process with different amounts of different impurities. However, well-defined substances should normally contain the main constituent(s) and the only impurities allowed are those derived from the production process (for details see Chapter 4.2) and additives which are necessary to stabilize the substance. >>